

X, β -поредба на $X, A \subseteq X, A \neq \emptyset$

$x \in X$ супремум скупа A ако $(\forall a \in A) a \leq x$ и $(\forall y \in X) ((\forall a \in A) a \leq y \Rightarrow x \leq y)$.

$x \in X$ инфимум $\text{---} \parallel \text{---}$ $(\forall a \in A) x \leq a$ и $(\forall y \in X) ((\forall a \in A) y \leq a \Rightarrow y \leq x)$

① $Y \neq \emptyset, \mathcal{A} = \mathcal{P}(Y), \subseteq$ реал. поредба на \mathcal{A} .

$A \subseteq \mathcal{A} \Rightarrow A$ је скупа неких подскупа $og Y, \mathcal{A} = \{A_i \mid i \in I, A_i \subseteq Y\}$

$\sup A = ?, \inf A = ?$

нпр. $A = \{ \{a\}, \{b\}, \{b,c\} \} \quad \inf A = ?$

$\inf A = B \Rightarrow B = \{a\}, B \subseteq \{b\}, B \subseteq \{b,c\} \Rightarrow B = \emptyset$

$\inf A = \emptyset$

$\sup A = C \Rightarrow \{a\} \subseteq C, \{b\} \subseteq C, \{b,c\} \subseteq C \Rightarrow \{a,b,c\} \subseteq C$
 $C = \{a,b,c\}$

$\sup A = \{a,b,c\}$

$A = \{A_i \mid i \in I\} \Rightarrow \inf A = \bigcap_{i \in I} A_i, \sup A = \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$

② $X = \mathbb{N}, \beta = |$ "делјивост" на \mathbb{N} .

$A_1 = \{5, 6, 7, 10\} \quad \inf A_1 = x \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow x \mid a, a \in A_1 \Rightarrow x \mid \underbrace{\text{нзД}\{5, 6, 7, 10\}}_{=1}$

$x \mid 1$
 $\Rightarrow x = 1$

$\inf A_1 = 1$

$\sup A_1 = x \Rightarrow a \mid x, a \in A_1 \Rightarrow \text{нЗС}\{5, 6, 7, 10\} \mid x$

$x = \text{нЗС}\{5, 6, 7, 10\} = 10 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 = \underline{\underline{210}}$

$A_2 = \{8, 10, 14, 560\} \quad \inf A_2 = 2 \notin A_2 \Rightarrow \nexists \min A_2$

$\sup A_2 = 560 \in A_2 \Rightarrow \max A_2$

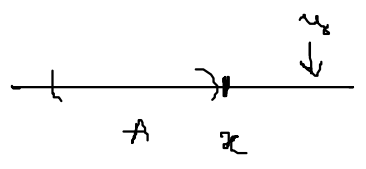
* $X = \mathbb{R}, \beta = \leq$, $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}, A \neq \emptyset$

1) $(\forall a \in A) a \leq x$

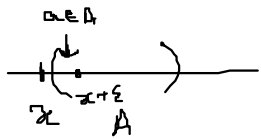
2) $(\forall y \in X) ((\forall a \in A) a \leq y \Rightarrow x \leq y)$

3) $(\forall \varepsilon > 0) (\exists a \in A) x - \varepsilon < a$

$x = \sup A$ ако



$x = \inf A$ ακκω 1) $(\forall a \in A) \quad x \leq a$



2) $(\forall \varepsilon > 0) (\exists a \in A) \quad x + \varepsilon > a$

Пример: $X = \mathbb{R}, \quad \mathcal{B} = \leq$

$A_1 = [-\pi, -1) \cup (2, 5)$ $\inf A_1 = -\pi$?
 $\sup A_1 = 5$?

$\inf A_1 = -\pi : \forall a \in A \quad -\pi \leq a \quad \checkmark$

$\varepsilon > 0$ произвольно $-\pi + \varepsilon > \underline{-\pi} \in A_1 \quad \checkmark$

$-\pi \in A_1 \Rightarrow \inf A_1 = \min A_1$

$\sup A_1 = 5 : \forall a \in A \quad a \leq 5 \quad \checkmark$

$\varepsilon > 0$ произвольно ? $\exists a \in A_1 : 5 - \varepsilon < a$

$a = 5 - \varepsilon/2 < 5 - \varepsilon \quad \checkmark$

\downarrow
 $a < 0 \quad 5 - \varepsilon/2 > 2$ иначе $a = 3$

$A_2 = [0, +\infty) \cap \mathbb{R}$

$\inf A_2 = 0 \in A_2 \Rightarrow \min A_2 = 0$

$\sup A_2 = +\infty \notin \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow$ не существует $\sup A_2$.

* Принцип суперминуса: $X = \mathbb{R}, \quad \mathcal{B} = \leq$

$\emptyset \neq A \subseteq \mathbb{R}, \quad A$ ограничен сверху $\Rightarrow \exists \sup A \in \mathbb{R}$

ограничен снизу $\Rightarrow \exists \inf A \in \mathbb{R}$

A не ограничен сверху $\Rightarrow \sup A \notin \mathbb{R}$ (не существует)

ниже ограничен $\Rightarrow \exists \inf A \in \mathbb{R}$

$\overline{\mathbb{R}} = \mathbb{R} \cup \{-\infty, +\infty\} \left(\begin{array}{l} \sup \emptyset := -\infty \\ \inf \emptyset := +\infty \end{array} \rightarrow \cup \mathbb{R} \right)$

Осодител: $\emptyset \neq A, B \subseteq \mathbb{R}$

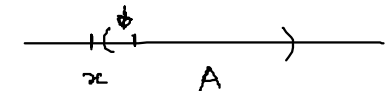
1° $\sup A+B = \sup A + \sup B$, $A+B = \{a+b \mid a \in A, b \in B\}$

$\inf A+B = \inf A + \inf B$

Δ: $\inf(A+B) = \inf A + \inf B$?

$x = \inf A$, $y = \inf B \Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad x \leq a \quad \vee \quad \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists a_\varepsilon \in A \quad x + \varepsilon > a_\varepsilon$

$\forall b \in B \quad y \leq b \quad \vee \quad \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists b_\varepsilon \in B \quad y + \varepsilon > b_\varepsilon$



Нека је $c \in A+B$ произвољно. $\Rightarrow \exists a \in A \quad \vee \quad \exists b \in B \quad c = a+b$.

$\Rightarrow c = a+b \geq x+y$

$\Rightarrow x+y$ готве оградителне за $A+B$

Нека је $\varepsilon > 0$ произвољно. Да ли постоји $c_\varepsilon \in A+B$ њо $x+y+\varepsilon > c_\varepsilon$?

$\varepsilon/2 > 0 \Rightarrow \exists a_{\varepsilon/2} \in A \quad x + \varepsilon/2 > a_{\varepsilon/2}$

$\varepsilon/2 > 0 \Rightarrow \exists b_{\varepsilon/2} \in B \quad y + \varepsilon/2 > b_{\varepsilon/2}$

$\Rightarrow x+y+\varepsilon > \overbrace{a_{\varepsilon/2} + b_{\varepsilon/2}}^{\in A+B} =: c_\varepsilon$

$\Rightarrow \inf A+B = x+y = \inf A + \inf B$

□

2° $\sup(-A) = -\inf A$ $-A := \{-a \mid a \in A\}$
 $\inf(-A) = -\sup A$

Δ: $\sup(-A) = -\inf A$:

$\inf A = x$? $\sup(-A) = -x$?

↓

$\forall a \in A \quad x \leq a \quad / \cdot (-1) \Rightarrow \forall a \in A \quad -x \geq -a$

$\vee \quad \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists a_\varepsilon \in A \quad x + \varepsilon > a_\varepsilon / \cdot (-1) \Rightarrow \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists a_\varepsilon \in A \quad (-x) - \varepsilon < -a_\varepsilon$ } $\Rightarrow \sup(-A) = -x$ ✓

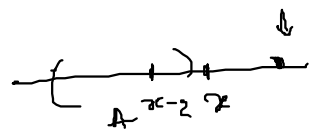
□

3° $A, B \subseteq (0, +\infty) \Rightarrow \sup A \cdot B = \sup A \cdot \sup B$, $A \cdot B = \{a \cdot b \mid a \in A, b \in B\}$

Δ: $\sup A = x > 0$, $\sup B = y > 0$ $\forall a \in A \quad a \leq x$ $\forall b \in B \quad b \leq y$

? $\sup(A \cdot B) = x \cdot y$? $\forall c \in A \cdot B : c = a \cdot b \leq x \cdot y$ ✓

$\varepsilon > 0$ произвољно $c_\varepsilon \in A \cdot B = ?$ $c > x \cdot y - \varepsilon$?



$\sup A = x \Rightarrow \forall \varepsilon_1 > 0 \exists a_{\varepsilon_1} \in A \quad a_{\varepsilon_1} > x - \varepsilon_1$

$\sup B = y \Rightarrow \forall \varepsilon_2 > 0 \exists b_{\varepsilon_2} \in B \quad b_{\varepsilon_2} > y - \varepsilon_2$

$\underbrace{a_{\varepsilon_1} \cdot b_{\varepsilon_2}}_{c_\varepsilon} > (x - \varepsilon_1) \cdot (y - \varepsilon_2) = x \cdot y - \varepsilon_1 x - \varepsilon_2 y + \varepsilon_1 \cdot \varepsilon_2$
 $\geq x \cdot y - \varepsilon$
 $\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 = ?$

Хотимо да најдемо ε_1 и $\varepsilon_2 > 0$ (зависе од x, y, ε) \bar{w}
 $-\varepsilon_1 y - \varepsilon_2 x + \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \geq -\varepsilon$ (*)

$$\varepsilon_1 = \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \varepsilon_2 = \end{array} \right\}$$

$$-\varepsilon_1 y - \varepsilon_2 x + \varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 \geq -\varepsilon$$

$$-\varepsilon_1 \cdot (y - \varepsilon_2) \geq -\varepsilon + \varepsilon_2 \cdot x \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$\varepsilon_1 (y - \varepsilon_2) \leq \varepsilon - \varepsilon_2 \cdot x \rightarrow \varepsilon_1 \leq \frac{\varepsilon - \varepsilon_2 \cdot x}{y - \varepsilon_2}$$

ε_2 бирамо тако да $\varepsilon_2 < \min\{\frac{\varepsilon}{x}, y\}$

$$0 < \varepsilon_2 = \frac{1}{2} \min\{\frac{\varepsilon}{x}, y\} < \underbrace{\min\{\frac{\varepsilon}{x}, y\}}_{> 0}$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\varepsilon - \varepsilon_2 \cdot x}{y - \varepsilon_2} \right) > 0$$

за обавке ε_1 и ε_2 важи неједнакост (*)

$$\Rightarrow c_\varepsilon = a_\varepsilon \cdot b_\varepsilon > (x - \varepsilon_1)(y - \varepsilon_2) \geq xy - \varepsilon \quad \square$$

$$\textcircled{1} A = \left\{ \frac{m}{n} \mid m \leq n, m, n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

$$\sup A, \inf A, \min A, \max A = ?$$

$$\inf A = ? \quad \inf A = 0 ?$$

$$\sup A = 1 ?$$

$$\inf A = 0 : \quad \forall m, n \in \mathbb{N} \quad m < n \Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \exists m, n \in \mathbb{N} \quad m < n : \frac{m}{n} < 0 + \varepsilon : \quad \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ 0 \quad 1 \\ \hline \quad \quad A \end{array}$$

$$\varepsilon > 0 \text{ произвољно } m=1 \quad ? \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : \frac{1}{n} < \varepsilon ?$$

Хотимо да најдемо такво n !

$$\frac{1}{n} < \varepsilon \Rightarrow n > \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$n = \left[\frac{1}{\varepsilon} \right] + 1 \in \mathbb{N} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sup A = 1 : \quad m \leq n \Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} \leq 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$m=n \Rightarrow \frac{n}{n} = 1 \in A \Rightarrow \max A = 1 = \sup A.$$